THE TOWN OF ONALASKA.


Nineteenth Infantry—Co. B—La Plunthe Cornwell.

Joseph French.

Twentieth Infantry—Co. A—E. W. Haselrooth.

Twenty-fifth Infantry—Co. unknown—J. C. Farrand.

Era Lockman, Joseph Sasser.

First Battery—Gabriel Armstrong, Charles Erickson, Harrison Hayden, William Morrison, Joseph Peck, Rayn Rod, Joseph Stals, Jacob Boorman, "Douglas Brigade," Daniel Richardson, Regular Army.

Unknown—Franklin Forest.

TOWN OF WASHINGTON.

Eighth Infantry—Co. unknown—Ole Olson.

Fifteenth Infantry—Co. A—Charles Olson, Thor Paulson.

Second Cavalry—Co. unknown—Michael Slauhorsky.

THE OLD SETTLERS' ASSOCIATION

was called into being by the survivors of those who entered the building up of La Crosse in 1851, and fully organized at an adjourned meeting held on Friday evening, June 17, 1881, with the election of John M. Levy as permanent chairman; C. K. Lord was elected Vice President; Charles Volner, Secretary, and Theodore Rodolf, Treasurer. The Executive Committee was then chosen, as follows: Charles Seymour, John Ulrich, L. L. Usher, Howard Cramer and J. W. Losey. The constitution provides that may become members of the association upon the payment of $1 initiation fee, and monthly dues, which are appropriated toward defraying the expenses of the organization. Meetings are convened annually, and upon call. The following are the members of the Old Settlers' Association, with the date of their settlement in La Crosse:

1851—Harvey E. Hubbard, H. N. Solberg, Howard Cramer, George Farnam, N. Hintzen, Harvey J. Peck.

1852—George Scharpf, Perne Clark, George Howard, Andrew Paffner.

1853—Theodore Rodolf, C. F. Scharpf.


1860—John S. Medary.

CITY POOR FARM.

In the early part of 1857, the city of La Crosse purchased 120 acres of land for $8,000; between two and three miles southeast of the city, and erected thereon the buildings necessary to a poor farm, which cost between $2,000 and $3,000. Within a few years past, great improvements have been made, both in the management of the farm and in the building of additions to the poor house, showing the growth of humanity and the disposition to liberality. The farm is under the careful management of Frank Metz, a worthy German, who, with his practical wife, are here as lessees of the property, and contractors to feed and keep the poor who may be sent to them to receive their care and attention at $2.50 per week. There is no county poor house, the poor of the county being provided for here, the city receiving 60 cents per day each for their support. A few years ago, County Poor Commissioner A. Steinlein caused a number of shade trees to be set out about the premises. At present, there are but eight persons in the establishment, which is an ordinary farmhouse, but arranged with a view to the comfort of this kind of guests. The establishment is in excellent order. The cost of sustaining it is about $800 per year.